`portada´`m3´`p´Sp format`/p´

`subr´Spain`/subr´

`subr´International braille formatting

simple starting document`/subr´

`cas´ONCE

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`subr´Volume 1 of 1`/subr´

`si´

`/portada´

`o´1`/o´

# `t1´`subr´This is a heading 1`/subr´`/t´

This is a blocked paragraph that follows a heading 1 and in a normal print document would be a short summary of the document to follow. In this case, what you'll want to do is format this document according to your local region's braille rules. So that we are all working from the same starting file, please do not edit this document in any way.

This is a second blocked paragraph because we need to know what happens when one blocked paragraph follows another.

This is a third blocked paragraph to again ask that you not edit this document or answer the questions it poses inline. Please just transcribe this short file into braille using your braille region's code and formatting rules. This will help us understand the differences from region to region in a very clear way.

## `bloque\_3´

## `t2´This is a heading 2`/t´

`/bloque´

This is an indented paragraph. Maybe your braille region's rules don't differentiate between blocked and indented paragraphs. If that's the case, please let the group know as this will be good for us to consider.

This is another indented paragraph because we need to be able to think about what happens one indented paragraph follows another. Maybe they have blank lines and maybe they don't.

### `bloque\_3´

### `t3´This is a heading 3`/t´

`/bloque´

* `2´This is a list item in a bulleted list. It is at the top level of nesting. It follows a heading because that might matter in your braille region.

`2´:This is a subitem in a bulleted list. Notice that it has a hollow bullet instead of a filled-in one. Does that matter in your braille region?

`2´:This is a subsubitem in a bulleted list. People say braille has a lot of rules, but I think it can all be sourced back to the complexity of print formatting, don't you?

* `2´This is another top-level item in a bulleted list.

`3´

**This is what is sometimes called a paragraph heading**. It's really just some bold text at the start of a paragraph but it can be called a paragraph heading. Does`o´2`/o´ your braille region do anything special with these? I would say probably not but it's important that we think about these sorts of things.

# `si´

# `t1´`subr´This is a heading 1`/subr´`/t´

## `t2´This is a heading 2`/t´

### `t3´This is a heading 3`/t´

So that was a lot of headings right in a row and this is a paragraph. It'd be good to establish what happens when so many headings are next to each other.

1. `2´This is a numbered list item. It follows a paragraph. Some braille regions may treat a list differently depending on whether it follows a heading or a regular piece of text (like a paragraph). It may not matter in your braille region.
   1. `2´This is a subitem in an ordered list.
   2. `2´This is a second subitem in an ordered list.
2. `2´Now we're back to the main level in this ordered list. I realize this is a bit tedious, but we're almost done, so hang in there!
3. `2´This is another main level item just in case that does anything special.

And now we have a paragraph because why not?

### `bloque\_3´

### This is a heading 3

`/bloque´

Some braille regions may have more than 3 heading levels. Please let us know how many heading levels you have. Some may even have less!

1. `3´List item 1
2. List item 2
3. List item 3

* What happens when an ordered list is followed by an unordered list, anything?
* What about the reverse? It's not represented here but let us know!

Thanks for your help!

Note that this text is centered`cl´but not a heading.`-6´